

Grade 4 Math Worksheet: Understanding Shapes (Difficulty Level: Advanced)

Name: _____

Date: _____

Section 1: Classifying and Naming Shapes

1. Fill in the Blanks:

- A shape with four equal sides and four right angles is called a _____.
- A 3D shape with two circular faces and one curved surface is a _____.
- A shape with six identical square faces is a _____.
- A 3D shape that has only one vertex and one circular base is a _____.
- A shape with three sides and three vertices is a _____.

2. Classify the Shapes:

Identify each shape below as "Polygon" or "Non-Polygon" (for 2D shapes) or "Prism" or "Non-Prism" (for 3D shapes):

Shape	Classification
Octagon	
Sphere	
Hexagonal Prism	
Trapezoid	
Cylinder	
Cube	
Square	
Pyramid	

Section 2: Shape Properties

1. Complete the table with the correct number of faces, edges, and vertices for each 3D shape:

Shape	Faces	Edges	Vertices
Rectangular Prism			
Square Pyramid			
Cylinder			
Triangular Prism			
Sphere			

2. Answer the Following Questions:

- Which shape has only one curved surface and no vertices?
● _____
 - Which shape has 5 faces, including a square base?
● _____
 - What do all prisms have in common? Describe at least two characteristics.

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Section 3: Understanding Shape Relationships

1. **Shape Similarities and Differences:**

Write one similarity and one difference between the following pairs of shapes:

○ **Cone and Cylinder:**

■ Similarity: _____

■ Difference: _____

○ **Cube and Rectangular Prism:**

■ Similarity: _____

■ Difference: _____

○ **Sphere and Cylinder:**

■ Similarity: _____

■ Difference: _____

2. Fill in the Blanks:

- A _____ and a _____ both have circular bases, but only the _____ comes to a point.
 - A _____ and a _____ have six faces, but the _____ has square faces while the other may have rectangular faces.
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Section 4: Real-Life Shape Applications

1. Matching Shapes to Real-Life Objects:

Match each shape with an everyday object that resembles it:

Shape	Real-Life Example
Cylinder	a) Ice cream cone
Sphere	b) Building block
Cube	c) Basketball
Rectangular Prism	d) Soup can
Cone	e) Shoebox
Pyramid	f) Egyptian monument

2. Describe the Shapes:

- Describe the shape of a **traffic cone** and explain why this shape is used for traffic cones.
 - Explain why **cylindrical cans** are often used for holding food or drinks.
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Section 5: Drawing and Visualizing Shapes

1. Draw and Label the Following Shapes:

- **Cube:** Draw a cube and label its edges, faces, and vertices.
- **Triangular Pyramid:** Draw a triangular pyramid, labeling its base, faces, and vertices.
- **Cylinder:** Draw a cylinder and show its circular faces and curved surface.

2. Sketch and Describe:

- **Draw a 3D Shape** that has a rectangular base and four triangular faces (Hint: it's a type of pyramid). Label its faces, edges, and vertices.
 - Draw a **Net for a Cube** (a pattern that, when folded, would form a cube). Label each square as a face of the cube.
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Section 6: Challenge Questions

1. Analyzing Rolling and Stacking:

- a. Which shapes can roll easily? (Circle all that apply):
 - i. Cube
 - ii. Sphere
 - iii. Cylinder
 - iv. Cone
 - b. Which shapes can stack easily? (Circle all that apply):
 - i. Pyramid
 - ii. Sphere
 - iii. Cube
 - iv. Rectangular Prism
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--BE THE CHAMPION!--