

Grade 4 Science Worksheet: adaptation in plants_3 (DifficultyLevel:Advance)

Name: _____ Date: _____

Part 1: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. Aquatic plants have _____ leaves that allow them to float and absorb sunlight efficiently.
- 2. Rainforest plants grow taller to overcome the dense _____ in their habitat.
- 3. The spines on cacti are modified _____ that reduce water loss and protect the plant.
- 4. Pine trees are adapted to snowy environments with their _____ leaves and cone-like shapes.

Part 2: Short Answer Questions

- 1. How does the waxy coating on pine tree leaves benefit the plant?
- 2. What allows rainforest plants to survive despite heavy rainfall and dense canopy cover?
- 3. Why are lotus plants' leaves waterproof, and how does this help them?
- 4. How do the spines of cacti serve a dual purpose in their survival?



Part 3: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

- 1. What is the key feature of pine trees that helps them shed snow easily?
 - A) Their waxy leaves
 - B) Their cone-like shape
 - C) Their shallow roots
 - D) Their tall, wide trunk
- 2. What helps rainforest plants deal with the challenge of low sunlight on the forest floor?
 - A) Drip tips on leaves
 - B) Growing taller to reach sunlight
 - C) Waterproof leaves
 - D) Developing spines to protect themselves

3. Why don't aquatic plants have thick, woody stems like land plants?

- A) Because they grow in shaded areas
- B) Because they float and need lightweight structures
- C) Because they store water in their stems
- D) Because they absorb nutrients from rain
- 4. How do desert plants survive long periods of drought?
 - A) By having large, shallow leaves to collect dew

B) By storing water in thick stems and reducing water loss through small leaves or spines

C) By growing roots deep underground

D) By shedding their leaves during dry seasons

Bonus Question:

Why would a pine tree struggle to survive in a desert or a rainforest? Explain in terms of adaptations.

-BE THE CHAMPION-