

Grade 4 Science Worksheet:3 (DifficultyLevel: Difficult)

Section 1: Multiple Choice Questions

Choose the correct answer:

- Which of the following forces is responsible for an object to move in a circular path?
 a) Frictional force
 - b) Tension force
 - c) Centripetal force
 - d) Gravitational force
- 2. The force that causes a book to fall off a table is:
 - a) Gravitational force
 - b) Frictional force
 - c) Tension force
 - d) Magnetic force
- 3. Which force pulls objects towards the Earth?
 - a) Electromagnetic force
 - b) Gravitational force
 - c) Friction
 - d) Nuclear force
- 4. A person pushing a cart is an example of:
 - a) Magnetic force
 - b) Tension force
 - c) Applied force
 - d) Air resistance
- 5. The force between two objects that are in contact is known as:
 - a) Non-contact force
 - b) Contact force
 - c) Gravitational force
 - d) Magnetic force

Section 2: True or False

- 1. Gravitational force works between objects that are not in contact with each other.
- 2. Magnetic force can only attract metals like iron.



- 3. Air resistance always causes a moving object to speed up.
- 4. Tension force is observed when a rope or string is pulled tightly.
- 5. Friction increases when two smooth surfaces are in contact.

Section 3: Short Answer Questions

- 1. Describe how friction can be both helpful and harmful in daily life.
- 2. Explain how the force of gravity affects all objects equally.
- 3. What would happen if there was no friction between a car's tires and the road?
- 4. How does tension force help in activities like tug-of-war?
- 5. What is the role of air resistance in the movement of a parachute?

Section 4: Match the Forces with Their Description

Forces:

- 1. Gravitational force
- 2. Tension force
- 3. Friction
- 4. Air resistance
- 5. Magnetic force

Descriptions:

a) A force between electrically charged particles or magnets.

- b) The force that pulls objects towards the center of the Earth.
- c) The force that resists the motion of objects through air.
- d) A force that acts when two surfaces rub against each other.
- e) A force that acts on an object when it is stretched or pulled.

Section 5: Force in Action



Read the scenario and identify the type of force involved:

- 1. A person is pushing a box across the floor.
- 2. A magnet attracts paper clips to it.
- 3. A skydiver experiences resistance as they fall toward the Earth.
- 4. A ball is dropped from a height and falls to the ground.
- 5. A child pulls a sled up a snowy hill.

Section 6: Fill in the Blanks

- 1. ______ force makes a moving car slow down when the brakes are applied.
- The force that attracts objects toward the Earth is called ______.
- 3. ______ force is responsible for holding objects in place when stretched or pulled.
- 4. The force that resists the movement of objects through air is known as _
- 5. The force between two objects that are in contact with each other is called

Section 7: Long Answer Questions

- 1. Explain the difference between contact and non-contact forces, giving at least two examples of each.
- 2. Describe how the force of friction can be reduced. Provide examples where reducing friction is useful.
- 3. How do gravitational and magnetic forces differ from each other? Explain with examples.
- 4. What happens when the force of air resistance is greater than the force of gravity acting on a falling object?



Section 8: Apply Your Knowledge

- 1. In the design of airplanes, what strategies are used to reduce air resistance?
- 2. Imagine you are an engineer working on a car's tires. How would you design the tires to maximize grip using friction?
- 3. If you were building a bridge, how would you account for the forces acting on it, such as tension and compression?

Section 9: Physics in Everyday Life

- 1. How do magnets help in everyday devices like speakers, motors, and doorbells?
- 2. Why do objects fall to the ground when dropped? What force is responsible for this?
- 3. Why is friction essential in making walking possible? How does it help us in other activities?

Section 10: Essay Question

Discuss how forces are involved in the movement of a bicycle. Explain the different types of forces acting on a moving bicycle, including friction, gravity, and air resistance. How do they affect the movement of the bicycle?