

Class 10 Mathematics - Introduction to Trigonometry

Name: _____

Date: _____

Advanced Worksheet 4

Questions

1. Prove that $(1 + \tan^2 A) = \sec^2 A$ for $A = 60^\circ$.
2. Prove that $(1 + \cot^2 A) = \operatorname{cosec}^2 A$ for $A = 30^\circ$.
3. Evaluate $(\sec A + \tan A)(\sec A - \tan A)$ when $A = 45^\circ$.
4. Evaluate $(\operatorname{cosec} A + \cot A)(\operatorname{cosec} A - \cot A)$ when $A = 60^\circ$.
5. Evaluate $(\sin^2 45^\circ + \cos^2 45^\circ) \times (\sec^2 45^\circ - \tan^2 45^\circ)$.
6. Evaluate $(\sin 60^\circ \times \operatorname{cosec} 60^\circ) + (\cos 30^\circ \times \sec 30^\circ)$.

Answer Key

1. $1 + 3 = 4 = \sec^2 60^\circ$
2. $1 + 3 = 4 = \operatorname{cosec}^2 30^\circ$
3. 1
4. 1
5. 1
6. 2